



Specialising in Personality Disorder
and Complex Trauma



Let's Look at the Lingo: Why use Person First Language?

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Language matters. Words matter.



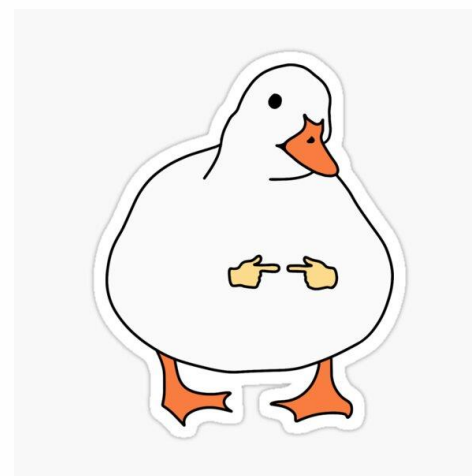


- Empowerment vs disempowerment
- Stigma and discrimination
- Social perception and attitudes
- Meaning and association



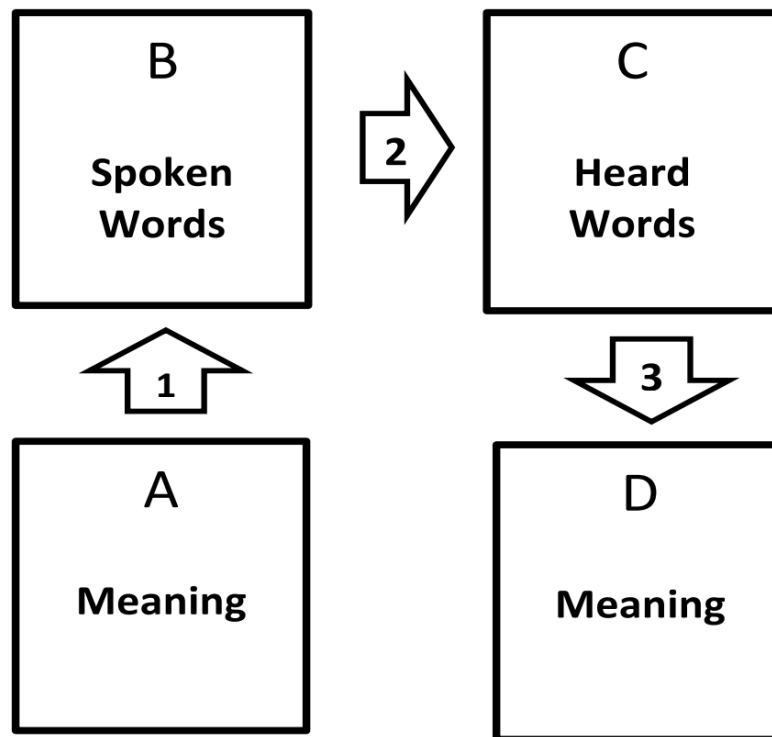


I mean, just personally.....



Accurate Empathy

LISTENING WELL





Now back to it: Person First Language

“First and foremost people with mental health illnesses are people and therefore it is important to use ‘people first’ language when referring to a person with a mental illness.”

- Australian Human Rights Commission



What is Person First Language?

A type of linguistic prescription which puts the person before a diagnosis in a statement or sentence.

Using person first language:

- A person living with BPD
- Has a diagnosis of BPD
- Lives with BPD
- Person with BPD
- Has a lived experience of BPD
- Lives with a diagnosis of
- Has lived experience of a diagnosis of



Note: some people will have experience of being *diagnosed or labelled* with something and not identify with that diagnosis. How would you approach this openly and respectfully?

Examples: diagnosis first language

- BPD patient
- Borderline patient
- Borderline person
- Borderliner
- BPD/borderline client
- BPD sufferer



This could be extended to:

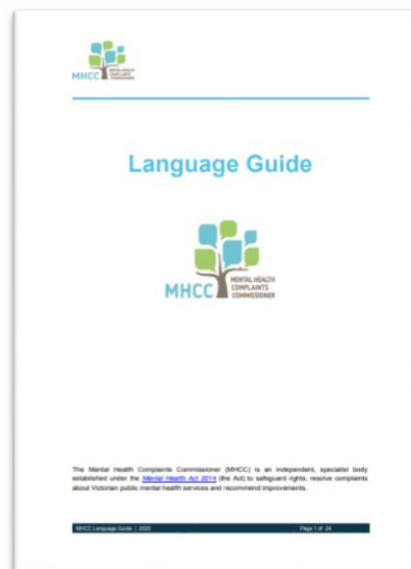
- “The borderline in room
- “That unit has become BPD central.”
- “BPD management.”

Resources:

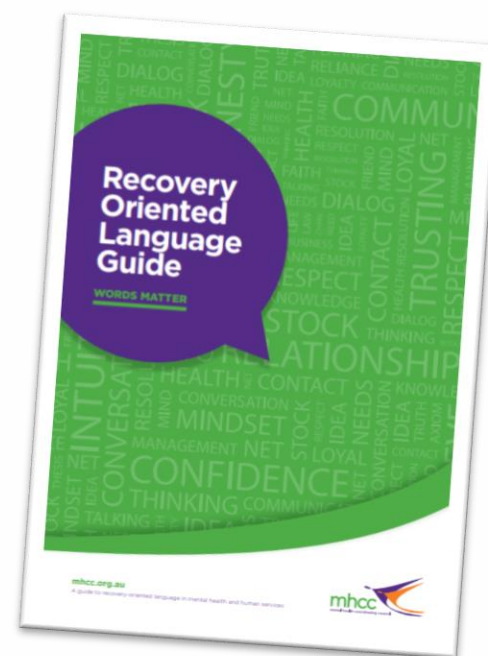
[Our words matter: Guidelines for language use – Mindframe](#)



[Mental-health-language-guide.pdf \(mhcc.vic.gov.au\)](#)



[Recovery-Oriented-Language-Guide-3rd-edition.pdf \(mhcc.org.au\)](#)





Final Note:

“None of us should be defined by our difficulties or diagnoses, or by any single aspect of who we are - we are people first and foremost.”

**- Mental Health Coordinating Council
recovery-oriented language guide**